

Government Procedures Act 2023

This document property of the Arstotzkan Federal Government. This document has been approved by the Arstotzkan Federal Government and Executive Committee of the Arstotzkan Union (upon its assent). Copy, distributing or change of this document is restricted and forbidden by anyone without previous permission from the Arstotzkan Federal Congress or other such legal bodies of the Arstotzkan Federal Government.

Legislation Version: 2022.7

Contents:

Preface Articles Glossary

Preface & Interpretation:

Preface:

This piece of legislation is to be cited to as the "Government Procedures Act 2023". It is to be enforced in all areas of the Independent Federal Republic of the Arstotzkan Union under Section 3, Articles 1 & 2 of the Constitution of the Arstotzkan Union. This legislation is created under all bounds of Section 1, Article 5 of the Constitution of the Arstotzkan Union.

The Long Title of this Act shall be referred to as "An Act to extend the constitutional grant of a 'good government' and will establish the uncodified functions and procedures of the Arstotzkan Federal Government, including its branches."

This Act shall be considered an Act of Legislation following assent by the Executive Committee of the Office of the Presidency of the Arstotzkan Union upon the date of: 30 June 2023

Interpretation:

This Act shall contextualise the following:

- **Micronation:** A smaller macronation lacking major recognition.
- Arstotzkan Union: Independent Federal Republic of the Arstotzkan Union.
- **Executive Committee:** Executive Committee of the Office of the Presidency of the Arstotzkan Union
- **Arstotzkan Federal Government:** Government created by Article 5, Section 1, Constitution of the Arstotzkan Union

Articles:

Section 1: Establishment of a government

Article 1: This Act shall establish a good government as prescribed in Article 5, Section 1 of the Constitution of the Arstotzkan Union

Article 2: As per Article 5, Section 1 of the Constitution, the government shall be composed of three branches:

- Executive
- Legislative
- Judiciary

Article 3: The government shall be known as the Arstotzkan Federal Government and will be responsible for governance of the Arstotzkan Union and shall be the sole governing body of the Arstotzkan Union.

Article 4: This Act shall repeal the Arstotzkan State on Government Systems 2021 upon commencement.

Section 2: Establishment of the Executive

Article 1: The Executive body of the Arstotzkan Federal Government shall be composed of three offices:

- Office of the Presidency of the Arstotzkan Union (to hold three permanent seats)
- Executive Committee of the Office of the Presidency of the Arstotzkan Union (to hold eight permanent seats)
- Political Bureau of the Arstotzkan Social Liberal Democratic Party (to hold three permanent seats)

Article 2: As per Article 9, Section 4 of the Constitution, the Office of the Presidency of the Arstotzkan Union shall be independent of the Arstotzkan Federal Government and will have supreme authority over all branches of the Arstotzkan Federal Government.

Article 3: The Office of the Presidency of the Arstotzkan Union shall be composed of the:

- First President of the Arstotzkan Union
- Second President of the Arstotzkan Union
- Vice President of the Arstotzkan Union

Article 4: The members of the Office of the Presidency shall serve in their roles until the end of their life or if the individuals, resigns or retires.

Article 5: A person maybe appointed to the Office of the Presidency with a 67% vote of either President(s) and or with a unanimous vote of the Executive Committee of the Office of the Presidency.

Article 6: In the event of the passing, resignation or retirement of the First President of the Arstotzkan Union, the Vice President will assume the powers of the First President immediately, however will be subject to the Constitutional Provisions regarding the line of succession and will be acting for no more than twenty days as well as be under the authority of the Second President of the Arstotzkan Union and the Executive Committee of the Office of the Presidency. These will apply to the Second President of the Arstotzkan Union.

Article 7: If the Vice President of the Arstotzkan Union must assume the powers of the First or Second President, the Executive Committee must vote on the successor and appoint a new Vice President of the Arstotzkan Union before the twenty-day term of acting has concluded. The vote for Vice President must be unanimous.

Article 8: The First President will have the power to appoint a Vice President with the approval of the Second President of the Arstotzkan Union. An Acting First President will not have this power unless the Executive Committee cannot vote on a candidate in the twenty-day period.

Article 10: The Executive Committee of the Office of the Presidency of the Arstotzkan Union shall be composed of:

- First General Secretary (usually the First President)
- Second General Secretary (usually the Second President)
- Deputy General Secretary (usually the Vice President)
- Representative of Arstotzkan High Command
- Representative of the Legislative body (usually the Executive Chairman of the Federal Assembly)
- Representative of the Judicial body (usually the Chief Justice of the Arstotzkan Union)
- Representative of the Arstotzkan State Central Bank (usually the General Secretary)
- Representative of the Political Bureau of the Arstotzkan Social Liberal Democratic Party

Any other members must be appointed by either General Secretary.

Article 11: The Executive Committee of the Office of the Presidency will be responsible for approving all legislative affairs from the Federal Assembly.

Article 12: The members of the Executive Committee shall hold permanent seats and will retain these positions indefinitely unless the individual dies, resigns or retires.

Article 13: A person maybe appointed to the Executive Committee if they are sixteen years of age and have been an Arstotzkan citizen or resident for at least six months.

Article 14: The Executive Committee will operate on a session term that shall begin on 5 January of each year and conclude on 30 December of each year.

Article 15: The Political Bureau of the Arstotzkan Social Liberal Democratic Party shall be comprised of four branches, the:

- Presidium Congress (to house the Presidents of the three Congresses)
- Arstotzkan Future Party Congress (to be composed of the President and General Secretary of the Arstotzkan Future Party)
- Communist League Congress (to be composed of the President and General Secretary of the Communist League of the Arstotzkan Union)
- Pirate Party Congress (to be composed of the President and General Secretary of the Pirate Party of the Arstotzkan Union)

Article 16: The Political Bureau of the Arstotzkan Social Liberal Democratic Party shall and can also be referred to as the Politburo.

Article 17: The session term of the Politburo shall begin on 5 January of each year and conclude on 30 December of each year.

Article 18: The General Secretary of the Politburo shall be responsible for providing and asserting the actions of the Politburo to the members of the Executive Committee.

Article 19: Any other powers that are exercised by the Office of the Presidency will be outlined in the Executive and Supreme Powers Act 2022.

Section 3: Establishment of the Legislative

Article 1: The Legislative body shall be a bicameral legislature composed of the following branches:

- Federal Assembly of the Arstotzkan Union (to include):
 - Arstotzkan Federal Congress (to hold four permanent seats)
 - House of Representatives of the Arstotzkan Union (to hold four permanent seats)

Article 2: The powers of the Federal Assembly are to be exercised by the Executive Chairman and the individual shall be responsible to the Executive Committee for all actions taken by the bicameral legislature of the Arstotzkan Federal Government.

Article 3: The Arstotzkan Federal Congress shall be composed of four individuals elected by the Executive Committee on the advice of the Executive Chairman of the Federal Assembly.

Article 4: The Arstotzkan Federal Congress shall have the duty to read, amend or reject any bills passed or made by the House of Representatives in a single quorum.

Article 5: A single quorum will be a singular meeting of all members of the Arstotzkan Federal Congress.

Article 6: The quorum shall be presided over by the Chairman Speaker of the Arstotzkan Federal Congress.

Article 7: Any other bills created by the House of Representatives will be passed to the Arstotzkan Federal Congress for it to read in its quorum and then it is to be passed to the Executive Chairman to be read to the Executive Committee of the Office of the Presidency. Once approved in the Executive Committee it will be sent to the Office of the Presidency to be signed into law.

Article 8: The Office of the Presidency will not have the power to reject legislation passed by the Executive Committee unless an Executive Presidential Order is signed by the First President of the Arstotzkan Union, amending the legislation. An Executive Presidential Order will not have the power to repeal legislation.

Article 9: The House of Representatives shall be composed of the four state representatives of the Northern, Central, Eastern and Southern Arstotzkan States.

Article 10: The State Representatives will serve in the House of Representatives for the life of the individual or until they retire or resign.

Article 11: The House of Representatives shall meet in a quorum to create and decide on legislation put forward by an Arstotzkan citizen or resident over the age of sixteen. This power shall not be limited and amending of this power can only be accomplished by a 67% majority in the Executive Committee. No Executive Order or Executive Presidential Order shall have the power to amend this article.

Article 11: The Office of the Presidency will have the power to remove or terminate State Representatives on the basis of:

- The individual has committed a crime within the Arstotzkan Union.
- The individual is acting outside of their prescribed powers.
- The individual has shown allegiance to a different state and the allegiance is greater than the one to the Arstotzkan Union
- The individual has breached their constitutional powers.
- The individual has conspired to create legislation that could threaten, harm, or attempt to insight violence towards the Executive, Legislative or Judicial branches of the Arstotzkan Federal Government or any part of the Arstotzkan Union.

Article 12: The bicameral legislature of the Federal Assembly shall operate in terms of session which shall begin on 5 January of each year and will end on 30 December of each year. This will apply to the Arstotzkan Federal Congress and House of Representatives.

Section 4: Establishment of the Judiciary

Article 1: The Judiciary shall be known as the Federal Judiciary of the Arstotzkan Union and shall be composed of:

- Supreme Federal Court of the Arstotzkan Union (to hold two permanent justices)
- Federal Court of Appeals of the Arstotzkan Union (to hold two permanent justices)
- Federal Executive Court of the Arstotzkan Union (to hold two permanent justices)

- Federal Territorial Courts of the Arstotzkan Union (to hold two permanent judges per court)
- Federal Judicial Council of the Arstotzkan Union (to hold eight judges)

Article 2: The Supreme Federal Court of the Arstotzkan Union shall be headed by the Chief Justice of the Arstotzkan Union who shall also be responsible to the Federal Judicial Council and have authority to grant "leave of appeal" to the Federal Court of Appeals and the Supreme Federal Court.

Article 3: No case can be heard in the Supreme Federal Court or Federal Court of Appeals unless granted by the Chief Justice.

Article 4: The Federal Executive Court shall act as a High Court and will hear all matters regarding serious criminal activities, high level lawsuits and any other high-level functions that are unable to be carried out by the Federal Territorial Courts.

Article 5: Leave of Appeal can only be granted in the event of a series miscarriage of justice from a lower court.

Article 6: The courts below the Supreme Federal Court shall be bound by the decisions of the Court and the same shall apply for courts below the Federal Court of Appeals and Federal Executive Court. This article shall apply the doctrine of precedent to the Federal Judiciary.

Article 7: Judges and Justices are legally immune from any acts committed in court while court is in session. A suit may not be carried out against any federal judge or justice for their ruling.

Article 8: The Federal Judiciary shall have the power to review and assess legislation that is passed by Federal Assembly and Executive Committee and will have the power to establish a Plea of Amendment to the Executive Committee if it is regarded as unconstitutional or breaches already existing legislation.

Article 9: Judges will not have the power to remove legislation and it shall be regarded that the actions of the Executive Committee shall be seen as supreme but are still subject to the supremacy of the Office of the Presidency.

Article 10: The Federal Judicial Council shall be composed of the following:

- Chief Justice of the Arstotzkan Union
- Attorney General of the Arstotzkan Union

- President of the Federal Court of Appeals
- President of the Federal Executive Court
- Chief Judge of the 1st Federal District Circuit
- Chief Judge of the 2nd Federal District Circuit
- Chief Judge of the 3rd Federal District Circuit
- Chief Judge of the 4th Federal District Circuit

Article 11: The Federal Territorial Courts will be made up of four territorial courts over four federal district circuits.

Article 12: The four Federal District Circuits will be in:

- Northern Arstotzkan State (2nd Federal District Circuit)
- Eastern Arstotzkan State (1st Federal District Circuit)
- Central Arstotzkan State (3rd Federal District Circuit)
- Southern Arstotzkan State (4th Federal District Circuit)

Article 13: The Supreme Federal Court of the Arstotzkan Union shall have a permanent seat in the Gollandiya Capitol Territory and will have a temporary seat in the Te Whakapaipai Territory.

Article 14: The other courts will be in the Gollandiya Capitol Territory except the Federal Territorial Courts that operate in the other three states.

Section 5: Miscellaneous

Article 1: Legal documents such as legislation (created within the approval bounds of Section 6 of the Constitution of the Arstotzkan Union), the Constitution of the Arstotzkan Union, military documents, and such, will not have to be translated into the approved languages (on a federal level) except into English. Unless they are to be sent to a foreign ally in a nation that uses a language that matches those used on a federal level.

Article 2: Government systems from the Arstotzkan Union, that were implemented prior to 10 February 2020, and have not been changed during the period known as the "Federalisation of the Arstotzkan Union" beginning on 14 October 2020 and finishing on 7 April 2021, must be updated to be in line with the philosophy and government systems of both Arstotzkanism and the current 2021 system.

Article 3: Lenin-Marxist Communism or Stalinism shall be banned in the Arstotzkan Union as a political system.

Article 4: Arstotzkan High Command and its departments and branches shall have no power over any part of the Arstotzkan Federal Government.

Article 5: The Departments and Ministries of the Arstotzkan Federal Government shall be considered a part of the Executive body of the Arstotzkan Federal Government.

Article 6: The system of government created by Comrade Rt. Hon. Ethan Brinkman, known as Arstotzkanism will be practiced by the Arstotzkan Federal Government however the official type of government will be known as 'democratic socialist federal presidential constitutional republic'.

Article 7: No part of the Arstotzkan Federal Government shall have the right to create legislation that supersedes the supreme power of the Constitution of the Arstotzkan Union. Amendments to the Constitution can be created with in the provisions of the Constitution. This shall also apply to the Office of the Presidency as it will be considered part of the Arstotzkan Federal Government but will operate as if it were to be independent.